



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI

Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Hindi

Maximum Marks- 80

निर्देश - (i) सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

(ii) प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 1-9 है।

(iii) प्रश्न पत्र दो खण्डों में विभक्त हैं - खण्ड 'क' और खण्ड 'ख',

खण्ड - 'क'

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए-

(क) हमारे देश को बनाने में प्रकृति की दो अद्भुत चीजों का बड़ा हाथ है - हिमालय और गंगा। यदि हमारे देश के उत्तर में हिमालय न होता तो मानसून का पानी हमें न मिलता। साथ ही उत्तर से आने वाली ठंडी हवाएँ हमारे देश के मैदान को बंजर कर देती। इस तरह हिमालय हमारे देश का रक्षक है। वह पानी - भरी मानसून की हवाओं को इस पार रोक लेता है तथा बर्फीली हवाओं को उस ओर लौटा देता है। पर केवल इतने से ही हमारे देश का मैदान उपजाऊ नहीं बन गया। बर्फ के रूप में जमे पानी को मैदान तक उतार कर भी तो लाना था जिससे वह हमें जीवन दे सके। यह काम गंगा नदी ने किया। गंगा एक प्रकार से भारतीय सभ्यता का आधार है। इसी के किनारे हमारे देश के इतिहास की सबसे प्रमुख घटनाएँ घटी हैं।

(क) हमारे देश का रक्षक किसे कहा गया है?

(1)

(i) गंगा को

(ii) हिमालय को

(iii) हवाओं को

(iv) खेतों को

(ख) हिमालय से हमारे देश को कौन - कौन से लाभ हैं? किन्हीं दो लाभ का उल्लेख करें।

(2)

(ग) गंगा नदी भारत के लिए कैसे महत्त्वपूर्ण है?

(2)

(ख) बहुत से लोगों से मित्रता करना भी ठीक नहीं है क्योंकि सच्ची और आदर्श मैत्री एक दो से ही संभव है। यह भी ध्यान रखना चाहिए कि किसी को भी अपने प्रेम और विश्वास में लेने से पहले खूब जाँच - परख लेना चाहिए और फिर धीरे - धीरे निरंतर अपने प्रेम को प्रगाढ़ता प्रदान करते रहना चाहिए। प्रसिद्ध विद्वान ह्यूमाज ने पक्की मित्रता का मंत्र बताते हुए कहा है कि मनुष्य जो स्वयं करें, उसे भूल जाए और उसका मित्र उसे सदैव याद रखे। मित्रता का सही आधार है। मिलने पर मित्र का आदर करना, पीठ पीछे उसकी प्रशंसा करना तथा आवश्यकता के समय उसकी सहायता करना ही मित्रता को स्थायी करने का मंत्र है।

(क) सच्ची मित्रता कितने लोगों से संभव है?

(1)

(i) एक - दो से

(ii) एक - से चार लोगों से

(iii) आठ - दस से

(iv) जितना चाहो उतना से

(ख) ह्यूमाज ने पक्की मित्रता का क्या मंत्र बताया है?

(2)

(ग) मित्रता को स्थायी करने के लिए क्या करना चाहिए?

(2)

प्रश्न 2.

(i) मौखिक तथा लिखित भाषा का एक - एक उदाहरण लिखें।

(1)

(ii) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से सर्वनाम शब्द रेखांकित करें-

(1)

(क) तुम लोग कक्षा छः में पढ़ते हो।

(ख) राम आजकल क्या काम करता है?

(iii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से तद्भव शब्द छाँटे – (1)
सौ, साँप, दिवस, मुख

(iv) निम्नलिखित उपसर्गों से एक – एक शब्द लिखें – (1)
भर, अन

(v) वर्तनी शुद्ध करें – (1)
ऊचा, प्रसंसा

(vi) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से किसी एक शब्द का विलोम शब्द लिखें– (1)
आरोह, स्वीकृति

(vii) निम्नलिखित अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द लिखें – (2)
(क) जिसका कोई अर्थ न हो –
(ख) शरण में आया हुआ –

(viii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के एक – एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें – (2)
चाँद, गंगा

(ix) दिए गए अनेकार्थक शब्दों के एक – एक अर्थ लिखें – (2)
अधर, कर

प्रश्न 3. (i) भूतकाल तथा वर्तमान काल में अंतर उदाहरण सहित लिखें। (2)

(ii) संज्ञा की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखें। (2)

(iii) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखें – (2)
(क) दाँत खट्टे करना
(ख) नाक रगड़ना

(iv) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के वचन बताएँ – (1)
पानी, मित्रगण

(v) निम्नलिखित वाक्य का लिंग परिवर्तन करते हुए पुनः लिखें – (1)
(क) चूहा तेजी से भाग गया।

प्रश्न 4. निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर लिखें –

(क) अक्षरों की खोज के साथ एक नए युग की शुरुआत हुई। आदमी अपने विचार और हिसाब – किताब को लिखकर रखने लगा। तब से मानव को सभ्य कहा जाने लगा। आदमी ने जब से लिखना शुरू किया तब से 'इतिहास' आरंभ हुआ। किसी भी कौम या देश का इतिहास तब से शुरू होता है जब से आदमी लिखे हुए लेख मिलने लग जाते हैं। इस प्रकार, इतिहास को शुरू हुए मुश्किल से छह हजार साल हुए हैं। उसके पहले के काल को 'प्रागैतिहासिक काल' यानी इतिहास के पहले का काल कहते हैं। (1x4=4)

(क) इतिहास का आरंभ कब से हुआ ? (1)

(i) आदमी जब जन्म लिया

(ii) आदमी जबसे लिखना शुरू किया।

(iii) आदमी जब बोलना शुरू किया

(iv) आदमी जब पढ़ना शुरू किया।

(ख) इतिहास को शुरू हुए कितने वर्ष हुए? (1)

- (i) छः हजार साल (ii) चार हजार साल
(iii) दो हजार साल (iv) पाँच हजार साल

(ग) 'प्रागैतिहासिक काल' किसे कहते हैं? (1)

- (i) इतिहास के शुरू होने के पहले के काल को
(ii) लेख मिलने शुरू होने के काल को
(iii) जब से मनुष्य हिसाब किताब को लिखने लगा
(iv) एक हजार साल के पहले के काल को

(घ) मानव को सभ्य कब से कहा जाने लगा? (1)

- (i) जबसे मनुष्य हिसाब – किताब तथा अपने विचारों को लिखकर रखने लगा।
(ii) जब मनुष्य इधर – उधर शुरू घूमना किया।
(iii) जब मनुष्य पढ़ना शुरू किया।
(iv) जब मनुष्य अपना मनोरंजन करना शुरू किया।

(ख) निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखें –

हम मेहनत वालों ने जब भी,
मिलकर कदम बढ़ाया सागर ने रस्ता छोड़ा,
परबत ने सीस झुकाया।
फौलादी है सीने अपने, फौलादी हैं बाँहें
हम चाहें तो चट्टानों में पैदा कर दें राहें
साथी हाथ बढ़ाना।

(क) देशवासियों के सीने तथा बाँहें कैसी हैं? (1)

- (i) लोहे के समान मजबूत (ii) गरीबी के कारण कमजोर
(iii) बहुत अधिक चौड़ी (iv) पत्थर के समान कठोर

(ख) अपनी मेहनत से लोगों ने कहाँ रास्ता बनाया? (1)

- (i) मैदानों में (ii) सागर में
(iii) घर के बगल में (iv) घने जंगल में

(ग) अगर भारतवासी चाहें तो चट्टानों में क्या बना सकते हैं? (1)

- (i) राहें (ii) नदियाँ (iii) मैदान (iv) विद्यालय

(घ) उपर्युक्त पद्यांश के गीतकार/कवि कौन हैं? (1)

- (i) केदारनाथ अग्रवाल (ii) सुमित्रानंदन पंत
(iii) साहिर लुधियानवी (iv) शम शेर बहादुर सिंह

खण्ड – 'ख'

प्रश्न 5. (क) 'वसंत' पर आधारित प्रश्नों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखें –

(1x5=5)

- (i) चिड़िया किसके लिए गाती है?
(ii) नागराजन का अलबम किसने तथा कहाँ से भेजा था?
(iii) राजप्पा से किसने अलबम खरीदने की बात कही?
(iv) जंगल से लौटने के बाद हेलेन केलर के प्रश्न पूछने पर उनके मित्र क्या जवाब देते थे?
(v) माँ बालिका को किसकी कहानी सुनाती है? कविता के आधार पर बताएँ।

(ख) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें –

(2X4=8)

- (i) केशव और श्यामा ने किवाड़ खोलकर दोपहर में बाहर निकलने का कारण माता को क्यों नहीं बताया?
- (ii) चाँद से कौन बातें कर रहा है? कवि के अनुसार घटने बढ़ने की बीमारी किसे है?
- (iii) हेलेन केलर किन – किन चीजों को स्पर्श कर पहचान लेती थी?
- (iv) 'मैं सबसे छोटी होऊँ' नामक कविता में सबसे छोटे होने की कल्पना क्यों की गई है?

(ग) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

(3X2=6)

- (i) 'बचपन' नामक पाठ की लेखिका का नाम लिखें। लेखिका बचपन में इतवार की सुबह क्या – क्या काम करती थी?
- (ii) लोकगीतों रचना कौन करता है? यह शास्त्रीय संगीत से किस प्रकार भिन्न होते हैं?

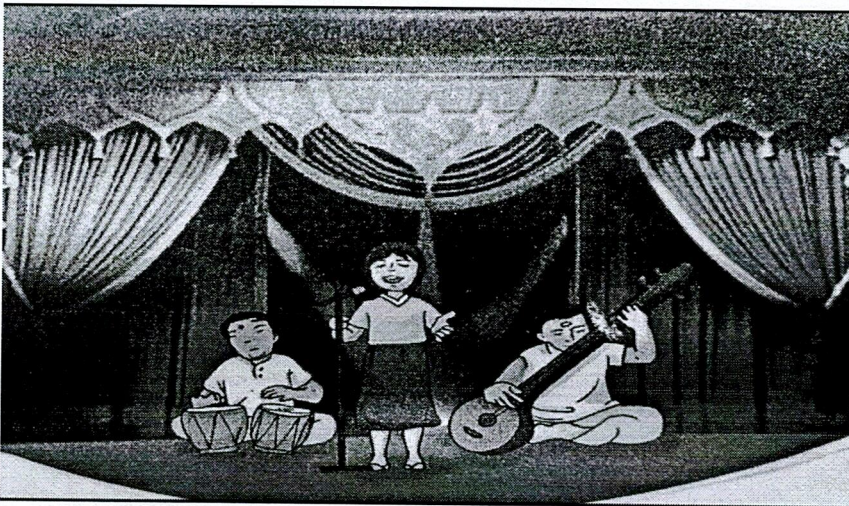
प्रश्न 6. 'रामकथा' पर आधारित किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें –

(2X5=10)

- (क) राजा दशरथ ने वशिष्ठ से अपनी किस चिंता के बारे में बताया?
- (ख) मंथरा किसकी दासी थी? वह क्यों दुखी थी?
- (ग) भरत को लंबे मार्ग से यात्रा क्यों करनी पड़ी?
- (घ) हनुमान को राम ने अपनी अँगूठी क्यों दी?
- (ङ) हनुमान ने सुरसा राक्षसी की बाधा को कैसे पार किया?
- (च) विभीषण के लंका में रुकने के अनुरोध पर राम ने क्या उत्तर दिया?

प्रश्न 7. दिए गए चित्र का वर्णन करें –

(3)



प्रश्न 8. छोटे भाई को जन्म दिवस की बधाई देते हुए पत्र लिखें।

(5)

या

खेल – कूद समारोह का वर्णन करते हुए माताजी को पत्र लिखें।

प्रश्न 9. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर 100 – 150 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखें –

(5)

(क) सच्ची मित्रता
संकेत बिन्दु –

- भूमिका
- महत्त्व
- निष्कर्ष

(ख) विद्यार्थी के जीवन में खेल – कूद का महत्त्व
संकेत बिन्दु –

- भूमिका
- प्रकार
- महत्त्व
- निष्कर्ष

(ख) पुस्तकालय
संकेत बिन्दु –

- भूमिका
 - प्रकार
 - महत्त्व
 - हमारा कर्तव्य
 - निष्कर्ष
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Computer Science
Maximum Marks- 25

General Instruction:

All questions are compulsory

Section A: Fill in the Blanks (1 mark each)

[5 × 1 = 5 M]

1. The tag in HTML is used to display a(n) _____ on a webpage.
2. The attribute used in <marquee> to control the speed of scrolling is _____.
3. In pseudocode each step is called a _____.
4. The attribute of the <a> tag used to link a web page is _____.
5. The <hr> tag is used to create a _____ line on a webpage.

Section B: Coding-Based MCQs (1 mark each)

[5 × 1 = 5 M]

1. Which of the following is the correct syntax to add an image in HTML?
 - a) <image src="path.jpg">
 - b)
 - c)
 - d) <picture src="path.jpg">
2. What is the correct way to create a hyperlink in HTML?
 - a) <link url="www.example.com">Click Here</link>
 - b) Click Here
 - c) Click Here
 - d) <url href="www.example.com">Click Here</url>
3. How do you create a numbered list in HTML?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d) <dl>
4. The <marquee> tag can be used to scroll:
 - a) Only text
 - b) Only images
 - c) Both text and images
 - d) None of the above
5. What attribute is used to provide alternative text for an image in HTML?
 - a) alt
 - b) src
 - c) title
 - d) text

Section C: Identify the Errors (2 marks each)

[3 × 2 = 6 M]

Question 1: Identify the error in the following HTML code:

```
<a href="www.example.com" Click Here></a>
```

Question 2: Identify the error in the following HTML code:

```
<img source="image.jpg" alt="Sample Image">
```

Question 3: Identify the error in the following HTML code:

```
<ol>
<li>First item
<li>Second item
<ol>
```

Section D: Write the Code (3 marks each)

[2 × 3 = 6 M]

Question 1: Write an HTML code to display an image named "school.jpg" with the alternative text "School Building" with a border of 5px and background color is pink.

Question 2: Write an HTML code to create a webpage with a horizontal line color red and size is 15 px and a scrolling text saying "Welcome to Our Website".

```
<html><head><title> Welcome</title></head><body>.....answer....</body></html>
```

Question 3: Complete the flowchart blanks

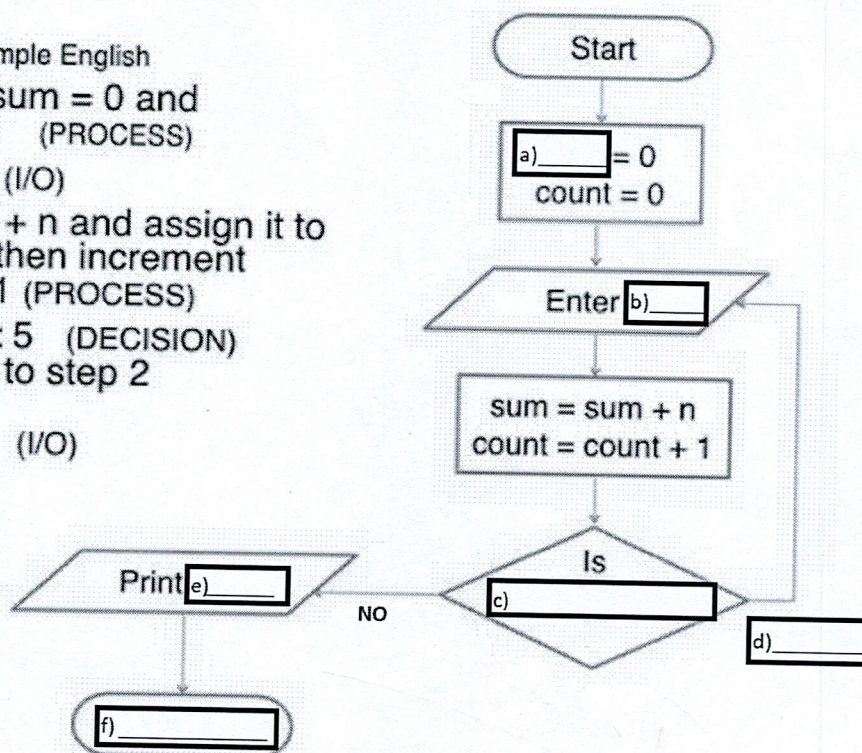
[0.5 × 6 = 3M]

Find the sum of 5 numbers

Flowchart

Algorithm in simple English

1. Initialize sum = 0 and count = 0 (PROCESS)
2. Enter n (I/O)
3. Find sum + n and assign it to sum and then increment count by 1 (PROCESS)
4. Is count < 5 (DECISION)
if YES go to step 2
else
Print sum (I/O)





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - English
Maximum Marks- 80

Instructions :

1. The question paper is divided into 3 sections. You can attempt any section first, but complete all the answers of that section and then go to the next section.
2. Don't copy the questions. Only write the answers beside the correct question numbers.
3. Neatness carries marks.

SECTION – A (READING)

[20 MARKS]

I. Read the following passage carefully :

FACING CHALLENGES

I grew up knowing I was different, and I hated it. I was born with a cleft palate, and when I started to go to school, my classmates who were constantly teasing made it clear to me how I must look to others – a little girl with a misshapen lip, crooked nose, lopsided teeth, a hollow and somewhat garbled speech. I couldn't even blow up a balloon without holding my nose, and when I bent to drink from a fountain, the water spilled out of my nose.

When my schoolmates asked, "What happened to your lip ?" I'd tell them that I'd fallen as a baby and cut it on a piece of glass. Somehow it seemed more acceptable to have suffered an accident than to have been born different. By the age of seven, I was convinced that no one outside my own family could ever love me or even like me.

And then I entered Class Two, Mrs. Leonard's class. I never knew what her first name was – just Mrs. Leonard. She was round and pretty and fragrant with chubby arms and shining brown hair and warm dark eyes that smiled even on the rare occasions when her mouth didn't. Everyone adored her. But no one came to love her more than I did. And for a special reason.

The time came for the annual 'hearing tests' given at our school. I was barely able to hear anything out of one ear, and was not about to reveal yet another problem that would single me out as different. And so I cheated. I had learned to watch other children and raised my hand when they did during group testing. The 'whisper test' however, required a different kind of deception: each child would go to the door of the classroom, turn sideways, close one ear with a finger, and the teacher would whisper something from her desk, which the child would repeat. Then the same thing was done for the other ear. I had discovered in kindergarten that nobody checked to see how tightly the untested ear was being covered, so I merely pretended to block mine.

As usual, I was last, but all through the testing I wondered what Mrs. Leonard might say to me. I knew from previous years that she whispered things like 'The sky is blue' or 'Do you have new shoes ?'

My turn came up. I turned my bad ear to her, plugged up the other solidly with my finger, then gently backed my finger out enough to be able to hear. I waited and then heard the seven words that changed my life forever.

Mrs. Leonard, the pretty, fragrant teacher I adored, said softly, "I wish you were my little girl."

(1) Answer the following questions, based on the passage above :

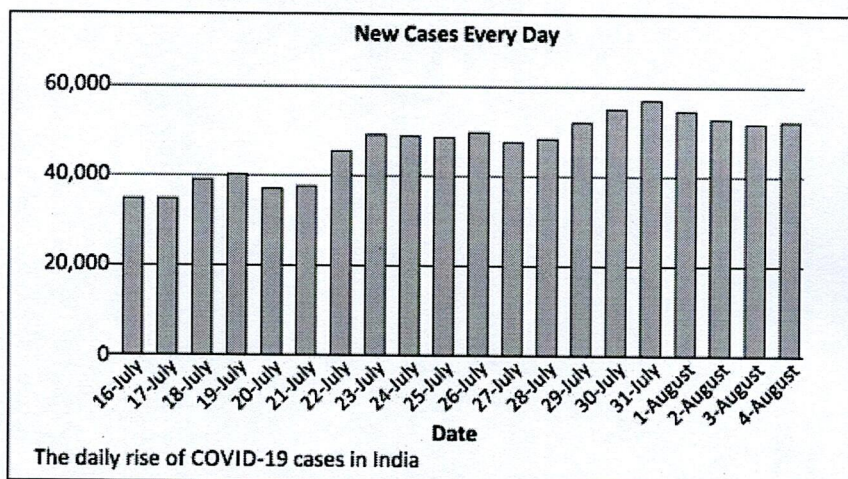
- (a) When the narrator started to go to school, _____ were constantly teasing her. [1]
(i) her teachers (ii) her classmates
(iii) her parents (iv) her siblings
- (b) I was born with a cleft palate. 'Cleft palate' means _____ [1]
(i) a condition in which somebody is born with the roof of the mouth split.
(ii) a condition which is caused by fragments of broken glass buried under the skin.
(iii) a mental condition which affects speech.
(iv) a condition in which somebody is born without lips.
- (c) The narrator cheated on the whisper test because _____ [1]
(i) she wanted to do well.
(ii) she did not want the other children to know that she could not hear in one ear.
(iii) she did not feel loved.
(iv) she wanted to hear properly.
- (d) The _____ required a different kind of deception. [1]
- (2) Why would the narrator lie to her schoolmates about what had happened to her lip ? [1]
- (3) 'Somehow it seemed more acceptable to have suffered an accident than to have been born different.' Why do you think the narrator says this ? [1]
- (4) 'I grew up knowing I was different.' How was the narrator different ? [2]
- (5) Who was Mrs. Leonard ? What kind of a person was she ? [2]

II. Read the following passage carefully :

India Covid-19 numbers explained

1. With novel Corona virus spreading rapidly all over the country, there are only three states right now, Meghalaya, Sikkim and Andaman and Nicobar Islands, that have less than 1,000 people infected with the disease.
2. Lakshadweep, of course, still hasn't reported even a single case till now, the only region in India entirely free of the epidemic.
3. Otherwise, even the relatively smaller states now have significantly large spread of the disease. Goa, for example, has seen more than 7,000 of its people infected by the virus till now. Tripura has over 5,500 cases, while Manipur has more than 3,000, and Nagaland a little less than 2,500. Puducherry has more than 4,000 cases, while even Daman and Diu has over 1,300 people infected.

4. And in each of these states, the numbers are rising at a fast pace, at a rate higher than the national level. The infections had initially reached these states in the first and second week of May, when the lockdown was relaxed for the first time to enable people stuck in different parts of the country to return to their native places.
5. After a period of very slow growth, the number of cases have begun to rise rapidly in the last one month. In Goa, for example, the total number of infected people has nearly doubled in the last 15 days. Same has happened in Puducherry, as well.
6. Tuesday was one of those rare occasions when the number of active cases in the country, those who are yet to recover from the disease, went down compared to the previous day. That is because the number of recoveries, combined with the number of deaths, exceeded the new cases that were detected on Tuesday.



7. With over 52,500 new cases detected in the country, the total number of infections crossed 19 lakh, out of which 12.82 lakh people have recovered from the disease. The number of dead is now close to 40,000.
8. The number of recoveries on Tuesday was the highest-ever for a single day. More than 51,700 people were declared to have been recovered. Three days earlier, the number of recoveries had crossed 50,000 for the first time, but in the next two days the number had fallen to much lower levels.

(1) Choose the correct option to answer the questions based on the above passage and graphics.

- (a) How are these three states – Meghalaya, Sikkim and Andaman and Nicobar Islands – different from the rest of India ? [1]
 - (i) They are the only states to have less than 1,000 people infected with novel corona virus.
 - (ii) They are three of the five states to have less than 1,000 people infected with novel corona virus.
 - (iii) They are the only states to have less than 2,000 people infected with novel corona virus.
 - (iv) None of these.
- (b) _____ is the only region in India which is entirely free of the epidemic. [1]

- (c) What is common among Goa, Tripura, Manipur, Nagaland, Puducherry and Daman and Diu? [1]
- The numbers are rising at a fast pace at rates lower than the national level.
 - The numbers are falling at a fast pace at rates equal to the national level.
 - The numbers are rising at a fast pace at rates higher than the national level.
 - None of these.
- (d) More than 51,700 people were declared to have been recovered on Tuesday.
(True / False) [1]
- (e) When had the number of recoveries crossed 50,000 for the first time ? [1]
- two days earlier
 - Tuesday
 - three days earlier than Tuesday
 - none of these
- (f) Which word in the passage means the same as "quickly" ? [1]
- rapidly
 - significantly
 - native
 - rare
- (2) Why did the number of active cases in the country go down on Tuesday in comparison to the previous days ? [2]
- (3) When was the lockdown relaxed for the first time ? Why ? [2]

SECTION – B (GRAMMAR & WRITING)

[20 MARKS]

(GRAMMAR)

III. Complete ANY TEN of twelve out of the following tasks, as directed. [1x10]

- (1) Read the given sentence and identify the error and supply the correction :
The rain has stopped before you arrived.

Use the given format for response.

Error	Correction

- (2) Read the sentences given below and identify the wrong usage of verb and choose the correction too.

Mini do not like to speak to me. We are best friends though. Still I like her.

Option	Error	Correction
A	do not	does not
B	are	will
C	like	likes

- (3) Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb given below :
Lalit _____ in this office since 2005.

- Works
- has working
- was working
- has been working

- (4) Complete the following dialogue by choosing the correct option.

Raj : Hi, Kush. How are you ?

Kush : Not well. I need _____ money to go to the doctor.

- any
- some
- few
- little

- (5) Pick out the sentence in which incorrect conjunction has been used.
- I live where my best friend lives.
 - Either keep quiet and go outside.
 - Kavi is strong but his sister is weak.
 - My father was angry but he did not express his anger.
- (6) Pick out the Direct and Indirect objects from the given sentence :-
My best friend gifted me a Parker Pen on my birthday.
- (7) Find out the Pronoun and state its kind :-
My sister herself cooks her food in the hostel.
- (8) Find out the error in the sentence following the format.
He quarrelled with me for this point.
- | | Error | Correction |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|
| (a) | quarrelled with | Quarrelled on |
| (b) | me for | me over |
- (9) Join the following sentences using a suitable conjunction.
I waited. The train arrived.
- (10) Pick out the correct conjunction to complete the given sentence.
Walk quickly _____ you will miss your school bus.
- else
 - because
 - and
 - but
- (11) Change the following sentence into Passive Voice.
They have made him the King of this territory.

- (12) Pick out a sentence which is framed wrongly as a Passive Voice.

- This wall is being built by the mason.
- Our proposal is been objected.
- We were kept waiting by him.
- We will be blamed.

(WRITING)

- IV. (A) You are Mahesh / Mahi, the Captain of your class. Your school is organising a picnic. Write a notice for circulation among all the sections of Class VI, giving them information about the picnic and inviting the names of the interested students. (Word limit – 50) [5]

OR

- (B) Write a paragraph on the topic – 'Health is Wealth' in 80 to 100 words.

- V. (A) You are Avi / Avika, write a letter to your friend congratulating him/her for bagging the first position in the Inter School Singing Competition for the first time. (Word limit – 100) [5]

OR

- (B) With the help of the outline provided below, write an interesting story in about 100 to 120 words.

<p>Once there was a fox _____ chased by a tiger _____ fell into a well _____ a goat came near the well _____ fox told her to enjoy the sweet water _____ goat jumped into the well _____ fox escaped from the well _____ the goat die.</p>
--

VI. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two given. [5]

(A) “Ladies and gentlemen”, he said, “a short while ago I had the privilege of listening to the finest voices that this land has ever known.”

- (1) Who said these words to whom ? [1+1]
- (2) Whose voices was the speaker appreciating ? [1]
- (3) What did the speaker want them to do ? [1]
- (4) When the speaker says “this land” which land does the speaker refer to ? [1]
 - (a) The tiny village where it was born.
 - (b) Zillertal Valley.
 - (c) Leipzig, a large, busy city.
 - (d) The Royal Saxon Court Chapel.

OR

(B) “Let us go to Kaa for help. We will promise him food in return.”

- (1) Did Kaa really help them ? How ? [1+1]
- (2) _____ are referred to as ‘we’ here. [1]
- (3) Who is Kaa ? [1]
- (4) Kaa was not as powerful as Bagheera. (True / False) [1]

VII. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two given. [5]

(A) “When summer comes with sweet unrest,

Birds weary of their mother’s breast,

And look abroad and leave the nest.”

- (1) What does the poet mean by ‘sweet unrest’ ? [1+1]
- (2) Why are the birds ‘weary’ ? [1]
- (3) Why do birds love the nest ? [1]
- (4) According to the poem which season comes after summer ? [1]
 - (a) Spring (b) Winter (c) Autumn

OR

(B) “We must learn what to do, to build and create,

Safe homes for these creatures, before its too late !

We must treasure these creatures, that they live and survive,

We must tirelessly work to ensure that they thrive !”

- (1) What do humans need to learn to protect these animals ? [1+1]
- (2) _____ endangered animals have been mentioned in the poem. [1]
- (3) What will be the result if we have a casual approach towards such animals ? [1]
- (4) When the poet says, “before its too late !” What does she refer to ? [1]

VIII. Answer ANY FOUR of the following five questions in about 30 – 40 words. [4x3]

- (1) Why does the narrator say that 'Henry was a harmless fellow' ?
- (2) How did the teacher respond when the child's page turned out to be blank ? Do you appreciate the teacher, why ?
- (3) What did the Drill Master look like ?
- (4) When and why is the speaker not able to find fairies around ?
- (5) Why did Ramdhan and other members of the Panchayat rejoice ?

IX. Answer ANY TWO of the following three questions, in about 30 to 40 words : [2x3]

- (1) Who was Bill Sikes ? Why did he kill Nancy ?
- (2) Who were the people on the London Bridge ?
- (3) Who was Charlie Bates ? What did Fagin ask him to do ?

X. Answer ANY ONE question in about 100 to 120 words : [6]

- (A) "A Panch is above both friendship and enmity" how is this brought out in the decisions of both Alagu and Jumman ?

OR

- (B) Why do you think the Strasser children felt lost and uncomfortable in the city of Leipzig ?

XI. Answer ANY ONE question in about 100 to 120 words : [6]

- (A) Which character of the Novel "Oliver Twist" do you like the most and why ?

OR

- (B) How did Bill Sikes die ?
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - French
Maximum Marks- 40

Lis le texte et réponds aux questions :

1. Mon école est située à Delhi. Elle est belle et grande. Il y a soixante professeurs et huit cents étudiants. Elle a trois étages. Au rez de chaussée, il y a le bureau de renseignement, le bureau du directeur, la bibliothèque, la cantine. Au premier étage et le deuxième étage, il y a les salles de classe. Il y a un grand terrain de sport devant l'école. Ma salle de classe est au dernier étage. Elle est grande aussi. Contre les murs, il y a des tableaux et des cartes. J'aime beaucoup mon école.

1) Dis vrai ou faux.

[2]

- (a) L'école a deux étages.
- (b) Le terrain de sport est devant l'école.
- (c) Le bureau de renseignement est au premier étage.
- (d) Sa salle de classe de petite.

2) Trouve dans le texte le contraire de :

[1]

- (a) derrière
- (b) premier

3) Complète avec un mot du texte.

[2]

- (a) Il y a un concert de musique dans cette _____. (salle / classe)
- (b) Dimanche est le _____ jour de la semaine. (dernier / premier)
- (c) Les étudiants étudient dans la _____ (bureau / bibliothèque)
- (d) Il y a des peintures _____ le mur. (devant / contre)

2. Mettez les phrases à l'interrogatif avec 'Est-ce que/qu' '.

[2½]

- 1. Vous prenez le bus.
- 2. Ils apprennent le français.
- 3. Tu attends ton ami.
- 4. Il fait chaud.
- 5. Elle fait ses devoirs.

3. Dites vrai ou faux.

[2]

- 1. Pour acheter la viande, on va à la boulangerie.
- 2. Pour acheter le fromage, on va à la crèmerie.
- 3. On peut acheter le jambon dans une boucherie.
- 4. Pour acheter les vêtements, on va au marché.

4. Conjuguez les verbes entre parenthèses.

[2]

- 1. Nous (essayer)
- 2. Ils (nettoyer)
- 3. Tu (venir).....
- 4. Ils (venir)

5. Ecrivez en français. [2]
1. Belt
 2. Cap
 3. Jeans
 4. Shirt
6. Faites une listes des choses qu'on mange au
Petit déjeuner. Dejeuner. Gouter [3]
- _____.
- _____.
- _____.
7. Mettez les phrases au négatif. [2½]
1. Je mange du poulet.
 2. Ce sont des amis.
 3. Il a un chien.
 4. Le père de Louis boit du vin.
 5. J'achète de l'eau minérale.
8. Mettez les phrases au négatif. [2½]
1. J'aime le poulet.
 2. Vous mangez des oeufs.
 3. Il met du sucre dans le thé.
 4. Tu achètes de l'huile.
 5. Je préfère le lait.
9. Votre correspondant français vous interroge sur votre école. Répondez aux questions. [2½]
1. Comment s'appelle votre école?
 2. Combien de classe il y a dans votre école?
 3. Vous êtes dans quelle classe?
 4. Quel moyen de transport utilisez-vous pour aller à l'école?
 5. Quelles sont les matières que vous étudiez?
10. Décrivez votre maison. [5]
11. Ecrivez en français. [2½]
1. At the bottom of ...
 2. Behind
 3. Against
 4. Before
 5. Under
12. Complétez avec les adjectifs démonstratifs (ce/ cette / cet/ ces). [2½]
1. couteau
 2. chaise
 3. cahier
 4. maison
 5. homme
13. Conjuguez cette verbe : [6]
1. Boire
 2. Mettre
 3. Venir



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 1 Hour

Subject - General Knowledge
Maximum Marks-50

1. Name the tiny filtering units of the kidney.
(a) neurons (b) nephrons (c) papilla (d) none
2. EEG means-
(a) electroencephalograph (b) electronic eco graph
(c) electric ego graph (d) electro electric graph
3. Name the dam as one of the world's largest hydroelectric power project.
(a) Nord stream (b) Itaipu dam (c) Panama dam (d) Hardon dam
4. Name the world's tallest ferris wheel located in Las Vegas.
(a) The High roller (b) The low roller
(c) The side roller (d) none of the following
5. What is awarded for acts of supreme gallantry?
(a) Victoria cross (b) Bharat Ratna (c) Honor medal (d) Booker prize
6. Who is the oldest recipient of the Bharat Ratna?
(a) Kiran Desai (b) Dhondo keshav karve
(c) President of the US (d) Sachin Tendulkar
7. is swaminathan's friend in class who is nicknamed 'The Pea'.
(a) Manny (b) Haynitch (c) Samuel (d) Mortimer
8. Whose style can be witnessed in his book "One hundred years of solitude"?
(a) Toni Morrison (b) Victor Hugo
(c) Gabriel Garcia Marquez (d) Anton
9. Name the Park situated in the state of Karnataka?
(a) Bandipur National Park (b) Jim Corbett National Park
(c) Keoladeo National Park (d) Kaziranga National Park
10. Name the American chemist who designed a thick and strong fibre used in bulletproof vests.
(a) Eva Peron (b) Chhavi Rajawat (c) Stephanie Kwolek (d) Margaret
11. She invented the wind shield wiper.
(a) Mary Anderson (b) Margaret thatcher (c) Chhavi Rajawat (d) Eva
12. A home to the head of the Roman Catholic Church, The Pope.
(a) Kazakhstan (b) China (c) Austria (d) Vatican City

13. It is an e-book reader by Amazon.
 (a) Kindle (b) GPS (c) Smart TV (d) Apple watch
14. Name Saturn's largest moon.
 (a) Ganymede (b) Titan (c) Mars (d) Comet
15. Name the place where 1.2 km wide meteorite crater is called the Barringer impact crater.
 (a) Arizona (b) USSR (c) Australia (d) none
16. British chemist Alexander parkes made Parkesine, an early form of.....
 (a) plastic (b) Steel (c) glass (d) pan
17. Who won the Emmy awards 2021 in the lead actress category in a drama series...
 (a) Nomadland (b) Olivia Colman (c) Adele (d) Georg solti
18. Where in India we can experience Asia's highest and longest gondola ride?
 (a) Gulmarg (b) Jamshedpur (c) USA (d) lothal
19. Which of these cities is not situated on the banks of the Ganges.
 (a) Haridwar (b) Nashik (c) Bhagalpur (d) Sakchi
20. The city of Sparta was called the City of seven hills.
 (a) True (b) False (c) Partially true (d) none of the following
21. Which of the following was a popular board game in ancient Egypt?
 (a) Senet (b) Pachisi (c) monopoly (d) none
22. Who were the first people to live in ancient Greece?
 (a) Mycenaeans (b) Minoans (c) Incase (d) Pachisi
23. The Victoria cross is the highest medal awarded by the USA.
 (a) True (b) False (c) Partially false (d) none
24. Which plateau is known as the roof of the world.
 (a) Tibetan (b) Deccan (c) Chotanagpur (d) none
25. Name the longest river in Asia.
 (a) Archery (b) Yangtze (c) Corbett (d) Tiramisu
26. Name the writer of the classic "A Christmas Carol".
 (a) Charles Dickens (b) George Orwell (c) Emily (d) None
27. Who described Russian life as The steppe and Peanuts-
 (a) Victor Hugo (b) Gabriel (c) Anton Chekhov (d) James
28. This Park conserves the One- horned Indian rhinoceros.
 (a) Keoladeo (b) Kaziranga (c) Paradise (d) Bird
29. In which year did Apple introduce the iPhone?
 (a) 2007 (b) 2019 (c) 2000 (d) 1996
30. This is the world's largest landlocked country.
 (a) Vatican (b) Maldives (c) Austria (d) Kazakhstan

31. Abbreviation of IRCS..
 (a) Indian Red Cross society (b) International Red Cross society
 (c) Internet Ruby Cross society (d) None
32. If Ankur was in a race, what place would he be if he took over the person who is in the second place?
 (a) First (b) Second (c) Third (d) None
33. What occurs only in the middle of each month in all of the seasons, except summer and occurs only in the night, never in the day?
 (a) Letter P (b) Letter N (c) Letter A (d) None
34. Jakarta is the capital of which country?
 (a) Indonesia (b) Algeria (c) Angola (d) None
35. What comprises almost entire parts of a giant panda's diet?
 (a) stones (b) bamboo (c) mud (d) None
36. When is International Women's day observed?
 (a) 8th March (b) 4th March (c) 10th March (d) None
37. Pataliputra is the ancient name of which Indian city?
 (a) Patna (b) Bangalore (c) Delhi (d) None
38. What is the next letter in the sequence below,
 A,B,D,O,P,Q,?
 (a) V (b) S (c) R (d) None
39. Ramu and Samu are twin brothers.
 If one of them faces east and the other faces west. How can they still see each other without turning?
 (a) Tomorrow (b) They are facing each other
 (c) Day after tomorrow (d) None
40. Rana plans to buy a car three days after the day after the day before yesterday. When will he buy the car?
 (a) Day after tomorrow (b) Tomorrow (c) Yesterday (d) None
41. He was in the news for his book 'Reverse Sweep: Confessions of a Cricket Junkie'
 (a) Gautam Bhimani (b) Vinod Dua (c) Sunita Williams (d) Nadia
42. This formula -1 driver was in the news for his retirement from the game and skii accident which led to head injury.
 (a) David Beckham (b) Michael Schumacher
 (c) Vicky Kaushal (d) Albert
43. What is the scientific study of sound waves known as?
 (a) Acoustics (b) Aqua (c) Orchestra (d) None

44. The highest active volcano in Europe is located on the east coast of the island of Sicily, which is a part of.....?
- (a) USA (b) Italy (c) Peru (d) China
45. Where was the confederation of the Indian industry (CII) partnership summit 2024 held?
- (a) New Delhi (b) Chennai (c) Hyderabad (d) Bhopal
46. Netumbo Nandi-Ndaitwah has been elected as the first female president of which country?
- (a) Cameroon (b) Malawi (c) Namibia (d) Botswana
47. Which city is the host of the World Maritime Technology Conference (WMTC) 2024?
- (a) New Delhi (b) Hyderabad (c) Chennai (d) Bhopal
48. Recently, Ratapani Wildlife Sanctuary has been declared as the 8th Tiger Reserve of which state?
- (a) Kerala (b) Madhya Pradesh (c) Odisha (d) Uttarakhand
49. When is Martyr's day observed in India?
- (a) 30th January (b) 26th February (c) 2nd March (d) None
50. is known as the city of lakes in India?
- (a) Indore (b) Udaipur (c) Jaipur (d) Surat
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - German
Maximum Marks- 40

1. **Du bekommst eine Mail von Tina. Lies die Mail**

04

Lieber Ben,

Wir wohnen in München, in der Hanauerstraße 29. Herr Shah ist unser Nachbar. Herr Shah kommt aus Indien, zwar aus Neu-Delhi. Er wohnt schon 15 Jahre in München. Er ist ein Arzt. Er spricht perfekt Deutsch. Herr und Frau Shah haben zwei Kindern, ein Sohn und eine Tochter. Sie heißen Hetal und Hrishi. Sie sind elf und sieben Jahre alt. Sie sprechen Super Deutsch, aber Frau Shah spricht ein bisschen Deutsch und spricht Hindi und Englisch.

Wie heißen deine Nachbarn? Woher kommen sie?

Schreib mir bald. Ich warte auf deine Antwort.

Viele Grüße

Tina

Schreib eine Antwort in ca. 30 Wörter. Antworte auf die Fragen

- Wie heißen deine Nachbarn?
- Woher kommen sie?
- Was machen sie?
- Welche Sprache sprechen sie?

2. Ich heiße Elena, bin 13 Jahre alt und wohne in Lugano. Lugano liegt im Tessin, in der Südschweiz. Ich spreche natürlich Italienisch. Aber ich spreche auch Deutsch. Meine Mutter kommt nämlich aus Zürich.

Wir wohnen in einem großen Einfamilienhaus. Es hat 4 Zimmer, eine Küche, zwei Bäder, einen Hobbyraum, eine Garage und einen Garten. Der Garten ist aber nicht sehr groß. Wir haben zwei Tiere: einen Hamster und einen Hund. Der Hund heißt Rolf. Wir spielen zusammen im Garten.

Antwort die folgenden Fragen:

1x5=5

- a. Wie alt ist Elena?
- b. Wo wohnt Elena?
- c. Woher kommt die Mutter von Elena?
- d. Wie viele Zimmer hat das Haus?
- e. Wie viele Tieren haben sie?

3. **Lies die Text auf und Schreib was ist stimmt:**

Hallo aus München! Ich möchte dir etwas Neues sagen. Ich wohne hier bei Tante Ulrike. Ich mag München. In München gibt es einen Jugendklub. Der Jugendklub heißt „Afterschool“. Ich wieß, du bist gern im Jugendklub. Tennis und Fußball spielen mag ich sehr. Das sind meine Hobbys. Jetzt dreimal pro Woche gehe ich in den Jugendklub. Aber Theater mag ich überhaupt nicht.

Jan

Was ist richtig und was ist falsch:

- a. Jan wohnt in München.
- b. Jan wohnt bei Tante Lisa.
- c. Der Jugendklub heißt „Preschool“.
- d. Er geht Dreimal pro Woche in den Jugendklub.
- e. Seine Hobbys sind Basketballspielen und tanzen.

1x5=5

4. **Ausfüllen die Lücken mit richtigen Verbformen:**

1.5x4=6

	Haben	Sprechen	Lesen	Mögen
Ich				
Du				
Er/sie/es				
Wir				
Ihr				
Sie/sie				

5. **Bau Sätze:**

0.5x10=5

- Dein/ Vorname/ ist/ wie?
- Ist/ Nachname/ wie/ dein?
- Du/ wohnst/ wo?
- Straße/ heißt/ wie/ deine?
- E- mail Adresse/ deine/ wie/ ist?
- Name/ ist/ mein/ Rakesh.
- Lerne/ ich/ in/ sechste/Klasse.
- Heißt/ mein/ Bruder/ David.
- Sind/ das/ mein/ Eltern.
- Kommt/ Mutter/ meine/ aus/ Frankreich.

6. **Stell Fragen:**

1x5=5

- Ja, wir wohnen in Berlin.
- Postdam liegt bei München.
- Nein, sie ist nicht modern.
- Ja, er ist sehr gemütlich.
- Ja, sie spricht Deutsch.

7. **Wie heißt der Plural:**

0.5x10=5

- Eine Katze
- Ein Hund
- Eine Kuh
- Ein Goldfisch
- Ein Kaninchen
- Eine Banane
- Ein Apfel
- Eine Wurst
- Ein Hamster
- Ein Pferd

8. **Schreib die Bestimmte Artikel:**

0.5x10=5

- Pferd
- Kaninchen
- Maus
- Goldfisch
- Kaffee
- Tee
- Kuh
- Hund
- Papagei
- Katze



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 1 Hour

Subject - HPE
Maximum Marks- 25

General Instructions:-

1. This question paper consists of 25 objective questions.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. All questions carrying one mark each ($1 \times 25 = 25$)

1. The term 'baulk line' is related to which game ?
(a) Football (b) Basketball (c) Kabaddi (d) Throw Ball
2. When was Kabaddi started in India?
(a) 1935 (b) 1938 (c) 1920 (d) 1939
3. Who is the current Head Coach of Indian Cricket team?
(a) Ravi Sastri (b) Sachin Tendulkar (c) M.S Dhoni (d) Gautam Gambhir
4. In which year Kabaddi was introduced for the first time in the National Games of India ?
(a) 1938 (b) 1939 (c) 1940 (d) 1941
5. What is the length and breadth of Men's "Kabaddi Court" ?
(a) 14×10 meters (b) 14×11 meters (c) 13×10 meters (d) None of the these
6. How many skills are there in Kabaddi Game ?
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 6 (d) 4
7. Famous Athlete Neeraj Chopra won which medal in 2024 Olympics?
(a) Gold (b) Bronze (c) Silver (d) None of the above
8. Who is the present Captain of Indian Kabaddi Team?
(a) Pawan Sehrawat (b) Sunil Kumar (c) Rakesh Kumar (d) Anup Kumar
9. Total No. of medals won by India in Paris Olympics 2024 ?
(a) 05 (b) 07 (c) 06 (d) 09
10. The Game of Kabaddi was originated from which sports ?
(a) Cricket (b) Wrestling (c) Boxing (d) Baseball
11. Manu Bhaker is related with which sport?
(a) Shooting (b) Tennis (c) Boxing (d) Archery
12. How many points are awarded for a lona?
(a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 1 (d) 2
13. Which one of the following is the mascot for the khelo India winter games 2024 ?
(a) Bengal Tiger (b) Artic Fox (c) Elephant (d) Snow leopard
14. How many team members are there in each side of Kabaddi match ?
(a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 7 (d) 11

15. The term "mule kick" is associated with which sports ?
(a) Karate (b) Judo (c) Kabaddi (d) Football
16. Which state is famous for Kabaddi ?
(a) Punjab (b) Haryana (c) Orissa (d) Maharashtra
17. In 2024 Olympic Aman Sehrawat won _____ Medal
(a) Gold (b) Silver (c) Bronze (d) None
18. What is the distance of Bonus line to End line (Men)?
(a) 1.5m (b) 1m (c) 2m (d) 1.75m
19. Who won the world chess championship 2024 ?
(a) Vidit Gujrati (b) Gukesh Dommaraju
(c) Magnus Carlsen (d) Viswanathan Anand
20. What is the dimension of playfield of kabaddi for Women and Junior ?
(a) 12x10m (b) 12x8m (c) 11x8m (d) 12x7m
21. Which country won the women's T20 cricket world cup 2024?
(a) Australia (b) India (c) Newzealand (d) England
22. What is the duration of match for mens?
(a) 15m each halves (b) 20m each halves
(c) 30m each halves (d) None of these
23. How many gold medals won by India in paris Olympic 2024?
(a) 1 (b) 6 (c) 5 (d) Zero
24. The Kabaddi Federation in India was formed in _____ ?
(a) 1950 (b) 1951 (c) 1961 (d) 1912
25. Recently which Cricketer became the First man's player to play 150 T-20 International match?
(a) Virat Kohli (b) Rohit Sharma (c) M.S Dhoni (d) K.L Rahul
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Japanese
Maximum Marks- 40

1. Write the meaning of underlined words in English.

[3]

- 1) Otouto no namae wa Karen desu.
- 2) Oneechan ga imasu.
- 3) Oneechan wa juugo sai desu.
- 4) Obaachan wa hachijuusai desu.
- 5) Watashi ni wa ani ga hitori imasu.
- 6) Okaasan wa yonjuu nana sai desu.

2. Rearrange the following jumbled words to make meaningful sentences.

[5]

- 1) osara / wo / tabetara / gohan / wo / katadukemasu / .
- 2) ni / ga / owattara / koen / shukudai / ikimasu / .
- 3) ni / ie / kudasai / watashi / shite / denwa / ni / tsuitara / .
- 4) kono / oshiete / no / tsukurikata / wo / ryouri / kudasai / .
- 5) dekakemashou / ni / 8ji / nattara / .

3. Translate the following Japanese sentences into English.

[5]

- 1) このりんごはおいしそうです。
- 2) あしたはひるからさむくなります。
- 3) はるになってあたたくなります。
- 4) しんぶんによると、きょうじしんがあったそうです。
- 5) かさをもってきてください。

4. Write the names of four places in Japan.

[2]

5. Write any six colour names in Japanese (Hiragana/Romaji).

[3]

6. Make a sentence with the following words in Japanese(Hiragana/Romaji).

[2]

- 1) ongaku
- 2) yasumi
- 3) yakisoba
- 4) tabemono

7. Eigo de nan desu ka? (What is it called in English?)

[2]

- 1) doa wa eigo de nan desu ka?
- 2) hako wa eigo de nan desu ka?
- 3) isu wa eigo de nan desu ka?
- 4) gomibako wa eigo de nan desu ka?

8. Complete the following sentences based on the hint given in brackets.

[3]

- 1) Te-buru no ue ni _____ ga arimasu. (book)
- 2) Ki no ue ni _____ ga imasu. (bird)
- 3) Inu wa _____ desu ka? (where)
- 4) Watashi wa _____ ga kirai desu. (insects)
- 5) Sofa- no ue ni _____ ga imasu. (cat)
- 6) Kyou no _____ wa dou desu ka? (weather)

9. Write the antonyms of the following words in Japanese (Hiragana/Romaji).

[2]

- 1) あつい
- 2) ながい
- 3) あたらしい
- 4) おおきい

10. Select the correct answer from the choice given.

[5]

- 1) さかな を (さんこ / みつつ / にひき) ください。
- 2) にほんご の ほんを (さんこ / さんさつ / さんびき) ください。
- 3) みかん を (さんこ / みつつ / にひき) ください。
- 4) ばなな を (さんこ / いっぱん / いちまい) ください。
- 5) きて を (さんこ / みつつ / さんまい) ください。

11. Choose the correct option from a, b, c, and d and fill in the blanks.

[3]

- 1) Tsukue no ue _____ neko ga imasu.
a) to b) ni c) wo d) ga
- 2) Origami _____ ni mai kudasai.
a) to b) ni c) wo d) ga
- 3) Kaban _____ naka ni enpitsu ga arimasu.
a) to b) no c) wo d) ga
- 4) Kasa _____ kaban ni irete okimashou.
a) to b) ni c) wo d) ga
- 5) Nihongo no hon _____ motte imasu.
a) to b) ni c) wo d) ga
- 6) Watashi _____ kutsu ga hoshii desu.
a) to b) de c) wo d) wa

12. Correct the wrong Hiragana character and rewrite the Hiragana.

[5]

- 1) てかみをおくる。
- 2) おんか<おき<。
- 3) きようわはれです。
- 4) どこえいきますか?
- 5) ひるごはんおたべます。
- 6) きっておください。
- 7) あしたはきんようびです。
- 8) おみすをのみます。
- 9) みきにまがる。
- 10) ひたりにまがる。



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Mathematics
Maximum Marks- 80


General instructions:

1. This question paper contains- Five sections A, B, C, D and E. Each section is compulsory. However; there are internal choices in some questions.
 2. Section-A has 18 MCQ' S and 02 Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
 3. Section-B has 5 Very Short Answer (VSA)-type questions of 2 marks each.
 4. Section-C has 6 Short Answer (SA)-type questions of 3 marks each.
 5. Section-D has 4 long Answer (LA)-type questions of 5marks each.
 6. Section-E has 3 case study based assessment of 4marks each with sub-parts.
 7. Draw neat figures wherever required. Do rough work in the right margin neatly.
-

SECTION-A

1. The product of the place value of two 9's in 39491 is:
a) 8100
b) 81000
c) 810000
d) 81
2. If $\frac{45}{60}$ is equivalent to $\frac{3}{x}$, then the value of x is:
a) 3
b) 6
c) 4
d) 9
3. If Δ is an operation on integers such that $a \Delta b = a - b - 2$, for all integers a, b. Then, $7 \Delta (-4) =$
a) 11
b) -9
c) 9
d) 1
4. The product of x and y is decreased by 4 is written as:
a) $4 - xy$
b) $xy - 4$
c) $x(y - 4)$
d) $xy + 4$

5. If a bus travels 126 km in 3 hours and a train travels 315 km in 5 hours then the ratio of speed of bus to speed of train is:
- 2:5
 - 2:3
 - 5:2
 - 25:6
6. When 47 is subtracted from -23, we get:
- 70
 - 24
 - 24
 - 70
7. If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{3}$, then the value of $\frac{6a+4b}{6a-5b}$ is:
- 1
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
8. $2.5 + 3.05 - 4.005$ is equal to:
- 1.545
 - 1.455
 - 1.554
 - 0.545
9. Quotient of x by 3 is multiplied by y:
- $\frac{xy}{3}$
 - $\frac{3x}{y}$
 - $\frac{3y}{x}$
 - $3xy$
10. A fraction equivalent to $\frac{30}{45}$ is:
- $\frac{3}{4}$
 - $\frac{3}{2}$
 - $\frac{2}{3}$
 - None of these
11. The number of square tiles, each of side 90 cm, needed to cover a floor of area 8100 sq. m is:
- 10,000
 - 9000
 - 900
 - 90

12. $\frac{3}{100} + \frac{5}{10000}$ is equal to:
a) 0.35
b) 0.305
c) 0.0305
d) 0.03005
13. The difference between the smallest number of 6 digits and the largest number of 5 digits is:
a) 0
b) 1
c) 10000
d) 11111
14. A triangle is not:
a) A closed figure
b) A polygon having three sides
c) An open figure
d) A simple curve
15. If  represent 5 balloons, then the number of symbols to be drawn to represent 70 balloons is:
a) 12
b) 10
c) 15
d) 14
16. If A, B, C divide Rs. 1200 in the ratio 2:3:5, then B's share is:
a) Rs. 240
b) Rs. 600
c) Rs. 380
d) Rs. 360
17. An acute angle is formed between the hands of a clock at:
a) 9 o'clock
b) 4 o'clock
c) 11 o'clock
d) 6 o'clock
18. If 336 m of wire is required for fencing a square garden, the side of the garden is.
a) 84 m
b) 80 m
c) 82 m
d) 74 m

ASSERTION- REASON BASED QUESTIONS

In the following questions, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Choose the correct answer out of the following choices.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true but R is false.
(d) A is false but R is true.

19. **Assertion (A):** 0.7, 0.70, 0.700 are equivalent decimals.

Reason (R): Number of zero at the end of a decimal number change the value of the number

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

20. **Assertion (A) :** $7: x :: 84:48$, Hence $x = 14$

Reason (R) : Four quantities are said to be in proportion if the ratio of first and second quantities is equal to ratio of third and fourth quantities.

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.

SECTION-B

21. A tailor stitches 13 dresses with 31m 20cm cloth. How much cloth was used for stitching one dress?

22. One of the acute angles of a right-angle triangle is 55° . Find the other acute angle.

23. Rani had Rs.48.50. She bought an ice-cream for Rs. 20.50 and a chocolate for Rs.10.50. Find the amount left with her.

OR

23. Jassi went to the market with Rs.1000. She bought a school bag for Rs.475.75 and a lunch box for Rs.250.50. Find the amount left with her.

24. Find the value of

$$50 - (-48) - (-2) - 110$$

25. Lalit earns Rs. x per day and spends Rs. y per day. How much does he save in 30 days?

OR

25. Pinki starts from Bangalore to Mangalore at 10 am. If her car is running at the speed of y km/hr and at 3 pm she observes that she is 50 km away from Mangalore. Find the distance between Bangalore and Mangalore.

SECTION-C

26. A box contains 2,00,000 tennis balls each weighing 50 mg. What is the total weight of all the balls in the box in grams and kilograms?

27. Find the greatest number that will divide 328, 436 and 544 leaving remainder 7, 8 and 9 respectively.

OR

27. Three boys step off together from the same spot. Their steps measure 63 cm, 70 cm and 77 cm respectively. What is the minimum distance each should cover so that all can cover the distance in complete steps?

28. A marble tile measures 12 cm x 10 cm. How many tiles will be required to cover a wall of size 4 m by 3m? Also, find the total cost of the tiles at Rs. 22.50 per tile.
29. Kevin covers 36 km 235 m by taxi, 4 km 85 m by rickshaw and 1 km 80 m on foot. What is the total distance covered by him?
30. Manish takes $3\frac{1}{5}$ minutes to walk across the school ground. Rahul takes $\frac{9}{4}$ minutes to do the same. Who takes less time and by what fraction?

OR

30. A piece of wire $\frac{9}{12}$ m long broke into two pieces. One piece was $\frac{1}{4}$ m long. How long is the other piece.
31. The sum of two integers is 115. If any one of them is -236, find the other.

SECTION-D

32. a) Which direction will you face if you start facing:

- i) South and make $\frac{1}{2}$ of a revolution clockwise?
- ii) East and make $1\frac{1}{2}$ of a revolution clockwise?
- iii) West and make $\frac{3}{4}$ of a revolution anti-clockwise?

b) How many right angles do you make if you start facing:

- i) West and turn clockwise to west?
- ii) East and turn anticlockwise to south?

33. Subtract the sum of $3\frac{5}{9}$ and $3\frac{1}{3}$ from the sum of $5\frac{5}{6}$ and $4\frac{1}{9}$
34. Nita jogged 5 times every day around a rectangular field whose length is twice its breadth and covered a distance of 6 km. From the above information find
- (i) Length and breadth of the field
 - (ii) Perimeter of the field
 - (iii) Area of the field

OR

34. Find the cost of cultivating a rectangular field 80 m long and 35 m wide at Rs.15 per square metre. Also, find the cost of fencing the field at Rs.24 per metre.
35. (a) Gita works in a factory and earns Rs.12000 per month. She saves Rs.4800 per month from her earning. Find the ratio of:
- i) her saving to her income
 - ii) her income to her expenditure
 - iii) her savings to her expenditure
- (b) Find the mean proportional between 9 and 25.

OR

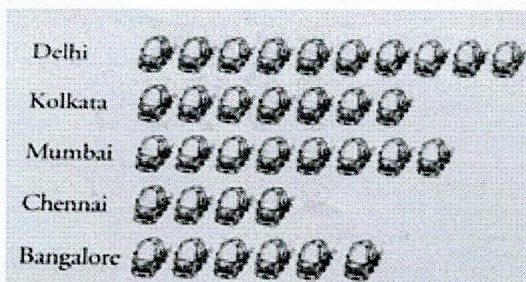
35. Reduce each of the following ratios to their lowest terms:


- i) 1 hour 20 min : 2 hours
- ii) 4 weeks : 49 days
- iii) 3 years 4 months : 5 years 5 months
- iv) 2 m 40 cm : 1 m 44 cm
- v) 5 kg 500 g : 2 kg 750 g

CASE STUDY QUESTIONS:

SECTION - E

36. The number of cars sold in a month in the following cities are shown as below:



Where  represents 200 cars.

Answer the following questions :-

(i) In which city the maximum number of cars were sold and find the number. [1]

(ii) How many more cars were being sold in Kolkata than in Chennai? [2]

OR

Find the total number of cars sold in these five cities.

(iii) Do the number of cars sold in Chennai and Bangalore together exceed the number of cars sold in Delhi. [1]

37. Tira has taken a bank loan to start a flower nursery in her 100 m^2 of vacant land. She wants to plant rose in half of the area. The remaining land she divides equally to use for marigold and sunflower cultivation (half, half). The earning on rose is expected to be Rs.10,000. The earning on sunflower is expected to be three fourth of earning on rose. And the earning on marigold is expected to be one half of the earning on sunflower.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) Find the area to be used for planting rose. [1]

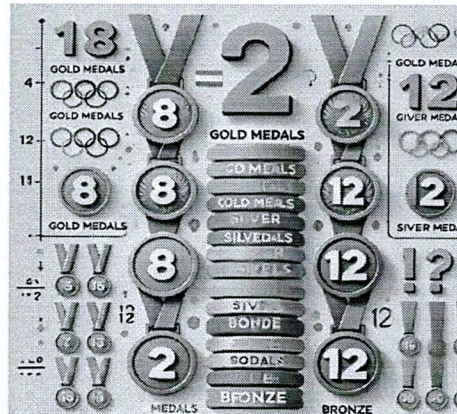
(ii) Find the amount of earning on sunflower. [2]

OR

Find the amount of earning on marigold.

(iii) What is the fraction of land used for planting marigold. [1]

38. The number of medals that India won at the International games is such that the ratio of numbers of gold to silver is the same as the number of silver to bronze medals. If gold and silver medals won are 8 and 12, then answer the following questions.



(i) Find the ratio of gold to silver medals?

[1]

(ii) Find the total number of medals won?

[2]

OR

By how much the sum of gold and silver medals exceed the number of bronze medals.

(iii) Find the ratio of gold to bronze medals.

[1]



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI

Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Sanskrit

Maximum Marks - 40

'खण्ड क'

प्रश्न 1 अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पठित्वा निर्देशानुसारं प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत—

गृहं निवासाय भवति ।
गृहे अम्बा पुत्राभ्याम् भोजनं पचति ।
भोजनं जीवनाय आवश्यकं भवति ।
जनाः जलाय कूपं यान्ति ।
ते आगंतुकेभ्यः जलं यच्छन्ति ।

1 एकपदेन उत्तरत—

{1/2x2=1}

क. किम् निवासाय भवति ?
ख. जनाः जलाय कुत्र यान्ति?

2 एकवाक्येन उत्तरत—

{1x2=2}

क. अम्बा काभ्याम् भोजनं पचति?
ख. जीवनाय किम् आवश्यकं भवति?

3 विकल्पेभ्यः उचितं उत्तरं चित्वा लिखत—

{1/2x4=2}

क. 'पचति' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?

{अ} लट् {ब} लृट् {स} लङ् {द} लोट्

ख. 'जलाय' अत्र का विभक्तिः प्रयुक्ता?

{अ} प्रथमा {ब} द्वितीया {स} तृतीया {द} चतुर्थी

ग. 'माता' इति पदस्य कृते कः अन्यः पर्यायः गद्यांशे प्रयुक्तः?

{अ} कूपम् {ब} अम्बा {स} जलं {द} पुत्राभ्याम्

घ. 'यच्छन्ति' अत्र किम् वचनम् प्रयुक्तं ?

{अ} एकवचनं {ब} द्विवचनं {स} बहुवचनं {द} न कोऽपि

प्रश्न 2 अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पठित्वा निर्देशानुसारं प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत—

रावणः एकं यज्ञोपवीतं धारयति । सः धौतवस्त्रं धारयति ।

एतत् अधोवस्त्रं पीतवर्णम् अस्ति । उपरि च रक्तवर्णम् उत्तरीयम् राजते । द्वौ पादौ स्तः ।

तस्य पादयोः पादत्राणे स्तः । अयं लंकेशः अस्ति ।

सः स्वर्णाभूषणानि अपि धारयति ।

1 एकपदेन उत्तरत—

{1/2x2=1}

क. कः यज्ञोपवीतं धारयति?

ख. तस्य कौ पादौ स्तः?

2 एकवाक्येन उत्तरत—

{1x2=2}

क. तस्य अधोवस्त्रं कीदृशं अस्ति?

ख. उपरि किम् राजते?

3 विकल्पेभ्यः उचितं उत्तरं चित्वा लिखत—

{1/2x4=2}

क. 'स्वर्णाभूषणानि' अत्र किम् लिंगप्रयुक्तं ?

{अ} पुँल्लिंगं

{ब} स्त्रीलिंगं

{स} नपुंसकलिंगं

{द} न कोऽपि

ख. 'अयं' लंकेशः अस्ति । अत्र क्रियापदः किम्?

{अ} अयं

{ब} अस्ति

{स} लंकेशः

{द} न कोऽपि

ग. 'धारयति' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?

{अ} लट्

{ब} लृट्

{स} लङ्

{द} लोट्

घ. 'पीतवर्णम्' अत्र किम् वचनं प्रयुक्तं?

{अ} एकवचनं

{ब} द्विवचनं

{स} बहुवचनं

{द} न कोऽपि

'खण्ड ख'

प्रश्न 3 कोष्ठकात् समुचितपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत —

{1/2x4=2}

क. यूयम्——— । (आरोहथ/आरोहन्ति)

ख. वयम्——— । (भ्रमामः/भ्रमन्ति)

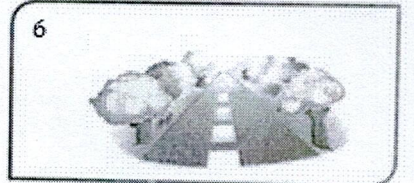
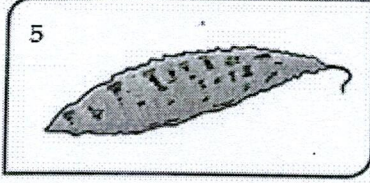
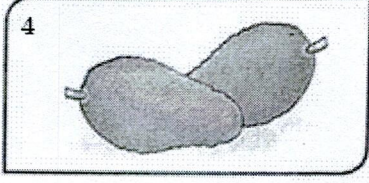
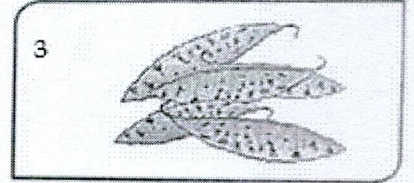
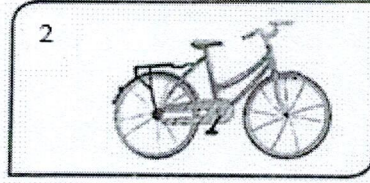
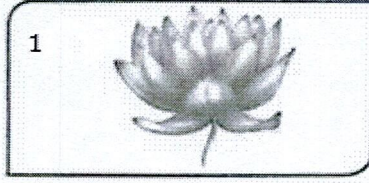
ग. आवां——— । (गच्छन्ति/गच्छावः)

घ. ————पठसि । (त्वम्/वयम्)

प्रश्न 4 चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा मंजूषातः उचितं पदंचित्वा लिखत—

{1/2x6=3}

मंजूषा (कारवेल्लः, पनसे, राजमार्गः, द्विचक्रयानम्, कारवेल्लाः, कुमुदम्)



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

'खण्ड ग'

प्रश्न 5 उदाहरणानुसारं रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिं कुरुतः—

{1/2x4=2}

क. रामम् रामौ रामान्
 धर्मम् _____
ख. पुस्तकम् पुस्तके पुस्तकानि
 _____ _____ मुखानि

प्रश्न 6 कोष्ठकात् समुचितपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत —

{1/2x6=3}

	एकवचनं	द्विवचनं	बहुवचनं	कोष्ठकम्
क.	_____	प्रोज्छने	_____	(प्रोज्छनानि, प्रोज्छनम्)
ख.	आच्छादनम्	आच्छादने	_____	(आच्छादनः, आच्छादनानि)
ग.	_____	लवणे	_____	(लवणम्, लवणानि)
घ.	कपालम्	_____	कपालानि	(कपाले, कपालाः)

प्रश्न 7 उचितं पदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :—

{1/2x4=2}

क. राघवः _____ टंकणं करोति।
{अ} संगणकम् {ब} संगणकेन {स} संगणकेण {द} संगणकैः
ख. उद्यमेन _____ सिध्यति।
{अ} कार्याः {ब} कार्ये {स} कार्याणि {द} कार्यम्
ग. शूरः _____ विभाति।
{अ} शास्त्रैः {ब} शस्त्रैः {स} पत्रैः {द} किरणैः
घ. _____ पत्रैः विना न शोभते।
{अ} वृक्षम् {ब} वृक्षौ {स} वृक्षाः {द} वृक्षः

प्रश्न 8 परस्परं मेलनं कुरुतः

{1/2x6=3}

स्तम्भ 'अ'	स्तम्भ 'ब'
क. पठनाय	पुष्पम्
ख. क्रीडनाय	भोजनम्
ग. सुगंधाय	कन्दुकम्
घ. भक्षणाय	उद्यानम्
ङ. पानाय	पुस्तकम्
च. भ्रमणाय	जलम्

प्रश्न 9 अधोलिखितान् संख्यावाची अङ्कान् संस्कृते लिखत -

{1/2x4=2}

- क. अत्र ----- बालकः अस्ति । (एकः/एका/एकम्)
ख. तत्र ----- बालिके नृत्यतः । (द्वौ/द्वे/तिस्रः)
ग. वृक्षात् ----- पत्राणि पतन्ति । (त्रयः/ तिस्रः/ त्रीणि)
घ. ----- वृक्षाः सन्ति । (चत्वारः/ चतस्रः/ चत्वारि)

प्रश्न 10 निम्नलिखितानां शब्दानां तृतीयाविभक्तौ रूपाणि लिखत -

{1/2x6=3}

शब्द	एकवचनं	द्विवचनं	बहुवचनं
क. कीट	-----	-----	-----
ख. मयूर	-----	-----	-----

प्रश्न 11 निर्देशानुसारं वचनपरिवर्तनं कृत्वा पुनर्लेखनं कुरुतः-

{1x2=2}

वाक्यम्	निर्देशः	परिवर्तित वाक्यम्
क. जनः हस्तेन खादति ।	बहुवचने	-----
ख. शशकः मुखेन खादति ।	बहुवचने	-----

प्रश्न 12 शब्दरूपाणि लिखत :-

{1x4=4}

क. केन	-----,	-----
ख. -----	-----,	ताभिः
ग. एतस्मात्	-----,	-----
घ. एतस्यै	-----,	-----

प्रश्न 13 धातुरूपाणि लिखत :-

{1x4=4}

क. -----	-----	खादन्तु
ख. पास्यामि	-----	-----
ग. अधावः	-----	-----
घ. पश्यसि	-----	-----



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Science
Maximum Marks - 80

General Instruction:-
All questions are compulsory.
Marks are indicated against each question

PHYSICS

I. Multiple choice questions

[1 × 6 = 6]

1. What type of measuring tape/ scale is ideal for measuring curved lines?
 - (a) Metal tape
 - (b) 15 cm scale
 - (c) Metre rod
 - (d) Flexible tape
2. The cylindrical container of electric cell is made of _____ and act as negative terminal.
 - (a) Copper
 - (b) Iron
 - (c) Zinc
 - (d) Silver
3. **Assertion (A):** An Image has the colour as that of the object.
Reason (R): An Image gives only the outline of the object.
 - (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - (c) A is true but R is false.
 - (d) A is false but R is true.
4. **Assertion (A):** Most of the iron filings stick to the magnet at the ends.
Reason(R): Magnetic strength is maximum on the poles of a magnet.
 - (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - (c) A is true but R is false.
 - (d) A is false but R is true.
5. Which of the following device is used to image the sun?
 - (a) a periscope
 - (b) a pin hole camera
 - (c) a glass prism
 - (d) a plane mirror

6. A magnet which retains its magnetic properties for a long period is called a ____
- (a) magnetic substance
 - (b) non-magnetic substance
 - (c) temporary magnet
 - (d) permanent magnet

Short Answer questions

[2 x 2 = 4]

7. Why couldn't you measure the distance using an elastic measuring tape? What problems might you have when telling someone about a distance you measured with elastic tape?
8. Write any two differences between an image and a shadow?

Long answer questions

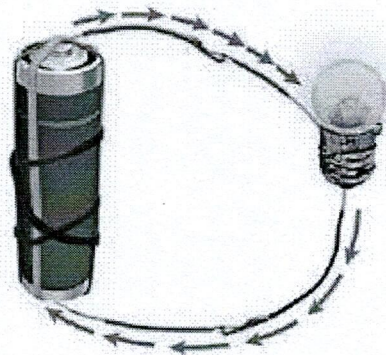
[3 x 2 = 6]

9. (a) Paheli wanted to glow a torch bulb using a cell. She could not get connecting wires; instead, she got two strips of aluminium foil. Will she succeed? Explain how?
(b) Name the metal used to make filament of an incandescent bulb. Write the features of it.
10. (a) What are the factors on which the choice of a measuring device depends?
(b) A scale reads 3.2 cm at one end and 18.7cm at the other end when measuring the length of a table. What is the length of the table?

Case study

[1 x 4 = 4]

11. In the arrangements shown in the Figure, the two terminals of the electric cell were connected to two terminals of the bulb. Such an arrangement is an example of an electric circuit. The electric circuit provides a complete path for electricity to pass (current to flow) between the two terminals of the electric cell. The bulb glows only when current flows through the circuit. In an electric circuit, the direction of flow of current is taken to be from the positive to the negative terminal of the electric cell. When the terminals of the bulb are connected with that of the electric cell by wires, the current passes through the filament of the bulb. This makes the bulb glow.



1. Electric cell converts -
- (a) electric energy into chemical energy
 - (b) heat energy into electric energy
 - (c) chemical energy into electric energy
 - (d) electric energy into light energy
2. The direction of flow of electric current in an electric circuit is taken to be from
- (a) negative to positive
 - (b) positive to negative
 - (c) sometimes positive sometime negative
 - (d) none of these
3. When the switch is in 'OFF' position in an electric circuit, the circuit becomes -
- (a) an open circuit
 - (b) a closed circuit
 - (c) partially open
 - (d) cannot say

4. The thin wire that gives off light in a torch bulb is called –
(a) cell (b) current (c) bulb (d) filament

Long answer/ activity-based question

[5 x 1 = 5]

12. (a) Describe a magnetic compass with a labelled diagram?
(b) What is the principle on which magnetic compass works?
(c) Write any two properties of a magnet?

OR

- (a) Describe any one method (with diagram) to make an iron strip into a magnet?
(b) A toy car has a bar magnet laid hidden inside its body along its length. Using another magnet how will you find out which pole of the magnet is facing the front of the car?

CHEMISTRY

1. Directions: In the following question, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Mark the correct choice as:

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

[1]

Assertion (A): Separating funnel is used to separate miscible liquids.

Reason (R): Miscible liquids are those liquids which mix together in all proportions.

2. A piece of iron is dropped in the copper sulphate solution. After sometime, the blue colour of the solution changes to green. The change which has occurred is -

- (a) Physical and reversible change
(b) Physical and irreversible change
(c) Chemical and reversible change
(d) Chemical and irreversible change

[1]

3. Give any two examples of greenhouse gases.

[1]

4. What do a vacuum cleaner and tea strainer have in common?

[1]

5. Rain increases visibility. Give reason.

[1]

6. You are given a salt solution. Which method will you use to recover salt as well as water?

[1]

7. Mention the importance of ozone layer in the atmosphere.

[1]

8. What do you mean by inert or noble gases?

[1]

9. What will happen if we keep a fish in a closed container without any aquatic plants? Give reason for your answer.

OR

An empty glass in fact is not empty. Explain.

[2]

10. Distinguish between metals and non-metals in tabular form on the basis of -

- (i) Conductivity (ii) Malleability and (iii) Ductility.

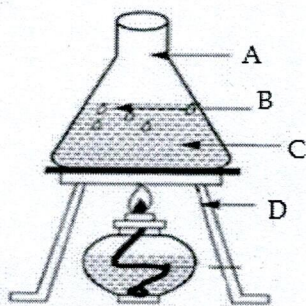
[3]

11. (a) What is a saturated solution?

- (b) What will happen if the saturated solution of a substance in water is (i) heated and (ii) cooled?

[1+2]

12. Paheli sets the apparatus as shown in the diagram below to perform an activity related to air. Look at the set up below and answer the following questions -



- (i) What is the aim of the activity ?
 - (ii) Label the parts A,B,C and D of the above diagram.
 - (iii) What do you mean by humidity? [1+2+1]
13. (a) Write one important use of the following gases- (i) Hydrogen (ii) Carbon dioxide
- (b) With the help of a well labelled diagram how will you show that air has mass.
- OR**
- (a) Define - (i) Windmill (ii) Weather Cock
- (b) How will you prove that air is essential for burning? Also draw a well labelled diagram to show that air is essential for burning . [2+3]

BIOLOGY SECTION -A

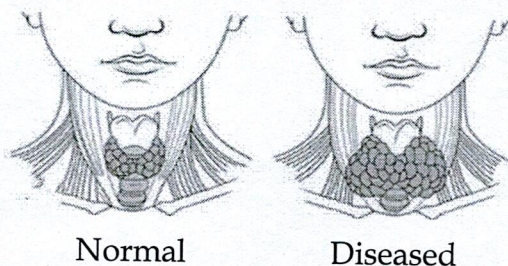
1. Match column -I with column-II and select the correct option:

[1]

Column-I	Column-II
A. Ovule	P. The portion of the pistil receiving the pollen
B. Filament	Q. The female structure of the flower
C. Pistil	R. The stalk of the anther
D. Stigma	S. It develops into seeds

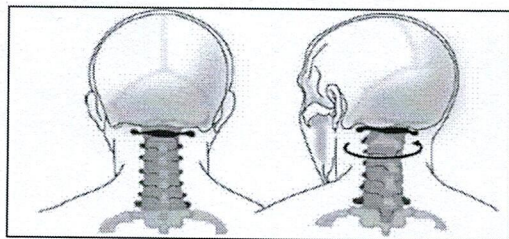
- (a) A→S; B→ R; C→ Q; D →P
 - (b) A →S; B→Q; C→ R; D → p
 - (c) A→ R; B →S; C→ P; D → Q
 - (d) A→ Q; B →R; C→ S; D → P
2. The figure shows a common symptom of a nutrient deficiency. Deficiency of which nutrient is responsible for this bodily condition?

[1]



- (a) Vitamin B₁; it results in beriberi
- (b) Vitamin C; it results in scurvy
- (c) Iodine; it results in goitre
- (d) Iron; it results in anaemia

3. Both cockroaches and birds have wings to fly in the air. However, only cockroaches can climb on the walls. What is the likely reason for this? [1]
- Cockroaches lack muscles.
 - Cockroaches have hollow bones.
 - Cockroaches have strong and broad wings.
 - Cockroaches have three pairs of modified legs.
4. The air that surrounds a tree remains cooler in comparison with the air around an empty ground. How do trees help in making the surrounding air cooler? [1]
- Trees release oxygen during the process of conduction of water.
 - Trees release water in gaseous form into the surrounding through a process called transpiration.
 - Trees utilise the heat from the surrounding to make their food through a process called photosynthesis.
 - Trees gain the heat from the surrounding that helps in the conduction of food from the leaves to the roots.
5. Vivek observed a joint in the area where our neck joins the head. He claimed that the joint is a pivotal joint. Is the claim made by Vivek, correct? [1]



- No, as hinge joint is present in the area where our neck joins the head.
 - No, as pivotal joint is present in the jaw portion only.
 - Yes, as it allows the individual to move its head in all directions.
 - Yes, as it allows forward and backward bending and right or left turning of the head.
6. Plants do not move from one place to another in search of food. Some plants like Mimosa show leaf movements. What can be concluded from these lines? [1]
- Plants can move their body parts.
 - Plants respond to stimulus.
 - Plants show locomotion.
 - Both (a) and (b)
7. In a rose flower, we find [1]
- many sepals which are green in colour
 - stamen is joined to pistil
 - pistil is not present
 - All of the above are correct

For Q.no- 8 and 9, two statements are given. One labelled assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below.

- Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- A is true, but R is false.
- Both A and R are false.

8. **Assertion (A)** – A balanced diet must contain roughage and water. [1]
Reason (R) – Roughage and water are rich in essential nutrients.
9. **Assertion (A)** – The process of getting rid of waste materials by living organisms is known as excretion. [1]
Reason (R) – Some plants remove waste products as secretions.

SECTION - B

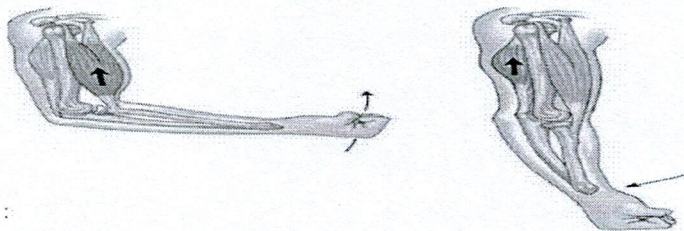
10. (a) Boojho wanted to test the presence of starch in leaves. He performed the following steps: [1+1=2]
 (i) He took a leaf and boiled it in water.
 (ii) He then placed the leaf on a watch glass and poured some iodine solution over it.
He did not get the expected result. What step did he miss? Explain briefly.
 (b) Give a point of difference between reticulate and parallel venation on the basis of the arrangement of veins.
11. (a) Paheli fell off a tree and hurt her ankle. On examination, the doctor confirmed that the ankle was fractured. How was it detected? [1+1=2]
 (b) Give one point of difference between endoskeleton and exoskeleton.
- OR**
11. (a) Why do snakes move in loops and not in a straight line? [1+1=2]
 (b) Why do underwater divers wear fin-like flippers on their feet?
12. (a) Why is it not advisable to have big trees like mango that provide shade in wheat or paddy fields? [1+1=2]
 (b) Potatoes are grown underground. How do they contain starch when photosynthesis occurs in the leaves above the ground?

SECTION - C

13. (a) Use of excess water during cooking and then throwing it away is not desirable. Justify the statement. [1+1+1=3]
 (b) State two symptoms that the body shows if there is a protein deficiency.
 (c) 'It is recommended to keep yourself hydrated during diarrhoea'. Comment on the statement.
14. (a) What type of habitat is a conifer likely to be found in? Highlight one adaptive feature found in coniferous plants. [2+1=3]
 (b) Terrestrial plants normally have well developed roots while they are much reduced in size in aquatic plants. Why?

SECTION - D

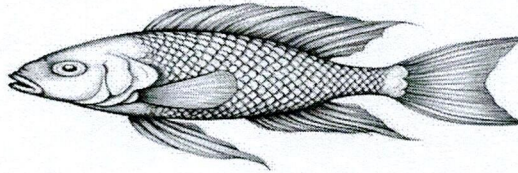
15. Observe the images given below that show how the muscles help in the movement of the arm and answer the questions that follow: [2+1+2=5]



- (a) How do muscles attached to bones work in pairs to help in the movement of a bone?
 (b) Give an example of an antagonistic pair of muscles in human beings.
 (c) What type of joint is a hip joint? Draw a neat diagram of a hip joint and label any two parts.

OR

15. Given below is a diagrammatic representation of a fish. Observe the same and answer the questions that follow: [1+1+1+2=5]



- (a) How does the streamlined body of a fish help in its movement?
- (b) Mention two functions of scales present in a fish which helps it to survive underwater.
- (c) What type of a surface can an earthworm move easily on- smooth or rough? Give scientific reason for your answer.
- (d) Draw a neat diagram of a hinge joint and label any three parts.

SECTION - E

Q.no 16 is a case - based/ data-based question with 2 to 3 short sub- parts.
Internal choice is provided in one of these sub parts.

[1+2+1=4]

16. An animal 'X' having rounded body and small ears has thick fur on its body including feet and toes. Another animal 'Y' lives in a sea and has blowholes located on the upper part of its head.
- (a) Identify the animals 'X' and 'Y' based on the hints provided.
 - (b) Mention the functions of the following
 - (i) Blowholes in animal 'Y' (ii) Spines in cactus
 - (c) How does having a rounded body and small ears help the animal 'X'?

OR

- (c) Speed is important for the survival in the grasslands for animals that live there. Why?
-



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI
Time - 3 Hours

Subject - Social Science
Maximum Marks - 80

General Instruction:-

- All questions are compulsory.
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only of the choices in such questions have to be attempted
- Question No. VI of Geography is map based.

HISTORY

I. Choose the correct option for the following questions:-

[1x7=7]

1. Presently the Rampurva bull is kept at
 - (a) The Rashtrapati Bhawan
 - (b) The Parliament
 - (c) The India Gate
 - (d) The Patna museum
2. Panini was
 - (a) a ruler
 - (b) a sanskrit grammarian
 - (c) an Upanishadic thinker
 - (d) Ashoka's minister.
3. The earliest veda is
 - (a) Rigveda
 - (b) Atharvaveda
 - (c) Yajurveda
 - (d) Samaveda
4. What was a seal?
 - (a) a coin made of stone
 - (b) a stamp made of stone or clay
 - (c) a weighing stone
 - (d) a stone weapon
5. Which is not true about the Neolithic period?
 - (a) sharp and polished stone tools were made
 - (b) farming was done by human
 - (c) mortar and pestle were used
 - (d) microliths were used.

6. Decipherment means

- (a) learning music
- (b) learning dentistry
- (c) understanding and reading a script
- (d) translation

7. A historian is a scholar

- (a) who studies the space science
- (b) who predicts the future
- (c) who studies the past with the help of only written materials
- (d) who studies the past with the help of both literary and non - literary sources

II. Answer the following questions in brief:-

[2x3=6]

1. What do you know about domestication?
2. What was the citadel?
3. What do you know about the megaliths?

III. Answer the following questions:-

[3x2=6]

1. What were the main teachings of the Mahavira?
2. Describe the activities performed in sangha.

IV. Read the Passage carefully and answer the questions given below:-

Kalidasa is known for his plays depicting life in the king's court. An interesting feature about these plays is that the king and most brahmins are shown as speaking Sanskrit, while women and men other than the king and brahmins use Prakrit. His most famous play, 'Abhijnana Shakuntalam', is the story of the love between a king named Dushyanta and a young woman named Shakuntala. We find an interesting description of the plight of a poor fisherman in this play.

1. Who wrote 'Abhijnana Shakuntalam' ? What does it depict?
2. Who were samantas?
3. What was the Dakshinapatha?

[1+1=2]

[1]

[1]

V. Answer in detail:-

What were the messages of Dhamma? Mention any two. Write any three means adopted by Ashoka to spread dhamma ?

[2+3=5]

CIVICS

I. Choose the correct option for the following questions:-

[1x5=5]

1. The main work of Patwari is

- (a) maintaining law and order in the village.
- (b) measuring land and keeping land records.
- (c) building hospitals in the village.
- (d) building museums in the village.

2. Subcontracting means

- (a) transferring a contract to someone else.
- (b) getting many contracts together
- (c) work of assistant Contractor
- (d) making slaves.

3. Secretary

- (a) is an appointed member of gram panchayat
- (b) is a ward councillor
- (c) is an elected member of gram panchayat
- (d) make rules in panchayat

4. Suffrage movement was held

- (a) against corruption
- (b) for stopping world war 1
- (c) for Right of Voting for women
- (d) against land tax

5. This place is known as Little Tibet

- (a) Bhutan
- (b) Nepal
- (c) Ladakh
- (d) Jammu

II. Write the following answers in brief :-

1. Who was Dr Bhim Rao Ambedkar ? How did people at the station discriminate against Dr Ambedkar and his brothers? [1+1=2]
2. List any two ways in which the work of the Panchayat and that of the Patwari are related to each other. [2]

III. Answer in short :

1. What did Ganga bai do and why? [2+1=3]
2. List any three ways in which the work of the Municipal Corporation affects the life of a city dweller. [3]

IV. Read the Passage carefully and answer the questions given below:

Jobs like Nirmala's are not permanent. If workers complain about their pay or working conditions they are asked to leave. There is no job security or protection if there is ill treatment. They are also expected to work very long hours. For example in the cloth mill units the workers work on day and night shifts, with each shift lasting 12 hours. One worker works on one machine for 12 hours and then is replaced by another on the same machine for the next 12 hours.

1. Describe the working conditions of people like Nirmala. [2]
2. Name any two types of urban livelihood. [1]
3. Mention any two benefits that Sudha received from her company. [$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$]

V. Answer in detail :-

What is Hindu Succession Amendment Act, 2005? How do women benefit under this new law? Write any four.

[1+4= 5]

GEOGRAPHY

I. Choose the correct option:-

[1x5=5]

1. How many minutes do the sun's rays take to reach the Earth's surface?
(a) 7.5 minute
(b) 8 minute
(c) 9 minutes
(d) 24minutes
[1]
2. What is the diameter of the Moon as compared to that of the Earth
(a) One fourth
(b) Half
(c) One third
(d) One fifth
[1]
3. Earth revolves around the orbit which is
(a) circular
(b) square
(c) rectangular
(d) elliptical
[1]
4. A drawing mainly based on memory and spot observation is called
(a) Sketch
(b) plan
(c) north arrow
(d) symbols
[1]
5. Red columns are used to depict which conventional symbols on maps
(a) settlements
(b) Post office
(c) Railway station
(d) temple
[1]

II. Answer the following question in very short:

[2x1=2]

1. Why is a leap year necessary after every four years?

III. Answer the following questions in short:

[3x2=6]

1. Name the second-largest ocean in the world. Write two features of it.
[1+2=3]
2. "India presents a vast diversity of landforms ". Name the six physiographic features of the Indian landscape.
[3]

IV. Answer the following question in detail:

[5x1=5]

Why is there a need to limit the use of the resources of the Earth? How are the human beings disturbing the balance of nature?

[2+3]

OR

Which is the second largest continent in the world? Write its 4 features.

[1+4]

V. Read the given source and answer the following questions:

[4]

The mid-day sun never shines overhead on any latitude beyond the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn. The angle of the sun's rays goes on decreasing towards the poles. As such, the areas bounded by the Tropic of Cancer and the Arctic Circle in the Northern Hemisphere, and the Tropic of Capricorn and the Antarctic Circle in the Southern Hemisphere, have

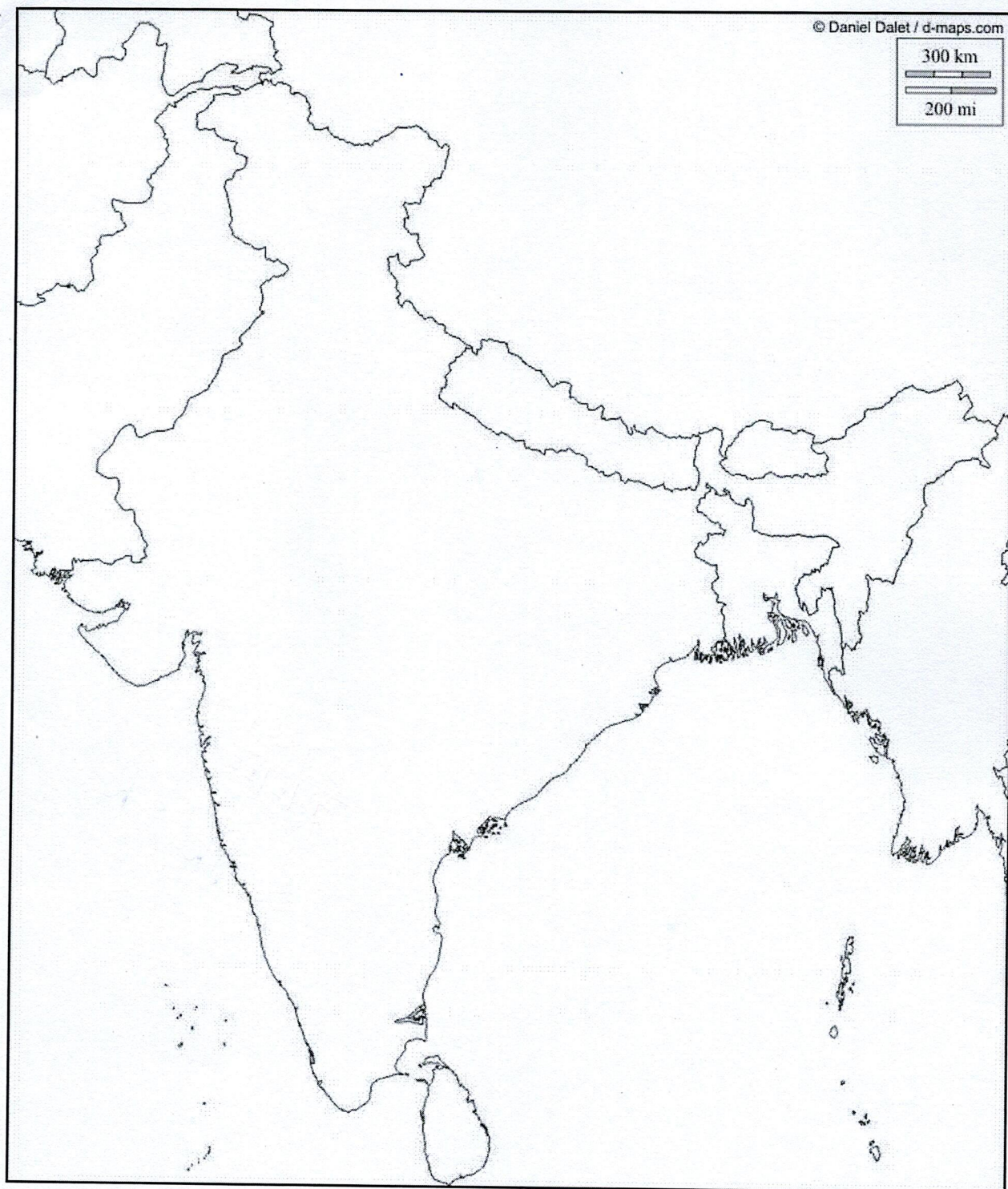
moderate temperatures. These are, therefore, called Temperate Zones. Areas lying between the Arctic Circle and the North Pole in the Northern Hemisphere and the Antarctic Circle and the South Pole in the Southern Hemisphere, are very cold. It is because here the sun does not rise much above the horizon. Therefore, its rays are always slanting and provide less heat. These are, therefore, called Frigid Zones (very cold).

1. Which areas of the earth have moderate temperatures? [1]
2. Where does the Frigid zone lie? [1]
3. Why is the Frigid zone extremely cold? [2]

VI. Draw and colour the diagram of "Layers of the atmosphere" and label it. [3]

VII. On the given outline map of India, mark and label the following: [3]

- (a) Aravalli Ranges
 - (b) The Island located off the coast of kerala
 - (c) The Thar Desert
-





DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)

Class - VI

Time - 90 Minutes

Subject - Spanish

Maximum Marks- 40

General instructions

- Write answers in sentences along with questions.
- Write questions with question number.
- Full marks will be given when answered correctly in sentence.
- Don't only write keywords in Fill in the blanks.

1. Contesta a las preguntas siguientes de Empezamos:

[8]

- ¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?
- ¿Cuántos años vas a cumplir?
- ¿A dónde van César y Paloma?
- ¿Quién es Raquel Pereira?
- ¿Qué vas a ser de mayor?
- ¿Dónde vas a trabajar?
- ¿Qué tiene que hacer Miguel esta tarde?
- ¿Dónde trabaja Raquel Pereira?

2. Llena las frases con palabras correctas

[5]

- es el primer mes del año.
- Ellos (tener que) estudiar español.
- Él es Trabaja en el campo. Cultiva la tierra.
- En Madrid está (Llover)
- (venir) aquí. (tener que) ponerte crema.

3. Haz las frases con la forma de 'ir+a+infinitivo'

[2]

- Laura llevar a Ana al colegio.
- ¿No ducharte hoy?
- César y yo jugar al fútbol en el recreo.
- Paloma y Sol cantar en la fiesta del colegio.

4. Completa el diálogo con poseedor y poseedores:-

[2]

Laura: Miguel, Ana, ¿dónde estáis?

Miguel: Yo estoy en (yo) habitación y Ana está en (ella) dormitorio.

Laura: ¡Ah! ¿Dónde están (vosotros) toallas?

Miguel: (nosotros) toallas están en el armario de (tú) cuarto de baño.

5. **Daniel da instrucciones a Miguel:- (tú, imperativo)** [2]
- (bajar) la musica.
 - (abrir) la ventana. Hace mucho calor.
 - (preparar) el desayuno, vamos a llegar tarde.
 - No (leer) el libro ahora. Es tarde, es hora de dormir.
6. **Haz las frases con 'tener que'** [2]
- Laura ir a trabajar de lunes a viernes.
 - Vosotros hacer los deberes de matemáticas.
 - Tú soplar las velas en su cumpleaños.
 - Nosotros..... esperar el autobús en la parada.
7. **Completa las frases con la preposición adecuada:** [3]
(a= to, al= to the, con= with, de= of, del= of the, en= in, para= for)
- Mi cumpleaños es febrero y lo voy celebrar una fiesta casa.
 - La fiesta comienza..... las seis la tarde.
 - Esta tarde Paloma va cine César.
 - Este libro es Juan y está muy bien aprender español.
 - Los ojos profesor son color azul.
8. **Completa las frases con la conjugación de 'poder'** [2]
- (Nosotros) ir de compras esta tarde.
 - Yo no hacer este ejercicio de matemáticas, es muy difícil.
 - ¿..... ir vosotros a comprar el regalo para sol?
 - Miguel y César jugar dos partidos de fútbol en un día.
9. **Haz las frases con la forma de 'estar+gerundio'** [2]
- Ana(estar + jugar) en la arena.
 - Todos están (tomar) el sol en la playa.
 - Yo (estar + leer) el periódico.
 - Mi amigo y yo estamos (escribir)unas frases.
10. **Contesta con la forma de 'hace impersonal'** [2]
- ¿Qué tiempo hace en invierno?
 - ¿Qué tiempo hace en primavera?
 - ¿Qué tiempo hace en otoño?
 - ¿Qué tiempo hace en verano?
11. **Indica las profesiones:** [2]
- Daniel es Toca el violín en una orquesta.
 - La madre de Miguel es Trabaja en el hospital.
 - Él es Pesca en el mar.
 - Ella es Da clases de español en el colegio.
12. **Escribe números ordinales de 1 a 10.** [3]
13. **Escribe conjugación de los verbos abajos:** [5]
Ser, estar, tomar, comer, vivir y tener.